https://internationalviewpoint.org/spip.php?article8976



Britain

# Reform – Labour is feeding the monster

- IV Online magazine - 2025 - IVP604 - May 2025 -

Publication date: Tuesday 6 May 2025

Copyright © International Viewpoint - online socialist magazine - All rights

reserved

# The centre cannot hold! In the wake of Reform's massive gains in local elections, Dave Kellaway investigates the new political landscape.

One comment stood out in the early hours of election night last Thursday: Reform is eating them for breakfast. A party that only managed one MP before the July election, when it won five, has just:

- taken the biggest vote share of the night,
- won a parliamentary by election on a 17% swing
- won 650 new councilors
- controls ten county councils for the first time
- won two mayoralties
- is projected to have a national vote share of 30%, giving it a chance of forming or being part of a rightwing coalition government.

All those polls in recent months showing Reform neck and neck or ahead of Labour and the Tories have been validated and even bettered. Its membership at more than 120,000 had already overtaken the Tories. Wealthy donors, including from Trumpland, have boosted its coffers. Having hundreds of councilors not only gives you a profile and material resources but allows you to embed your party in the localities. This in turn makes it easier to campaign next time.

Journalists have commented on Reform's shift to a more professional set up. Over 80 Tory representatives and staff have defected. This is also reflected in the way they have established a cordon sanitaire with the Tommy Robinson people, despite some members' affinity with his politics. The most extreme voices were largely kept out of the media during the campaign. Farage's next targets are the Welsh and Scottish Assembly elections.

#### **Tories and Labour both hit hard**

Given that these seats were last up during the heyday of Boris Johnson it meant that the Tories lost more than Labour – 676 seats. Its leadership is being squeezed, like Labour, from both the right and left. For example the Lib Dems defeated them in the South West and Shropshire as well as taking control in Oxfordshire and Gloucestershire.

Many Tory voters, particularly Remainers, did not appreciate the lurch of the leadership towards Reform policies. On the other hand, people like defeated leadership candidate, Robert Jenrick, are pushing for deals with Reform.

Rees Mogg (ex Tory MP) even thought it was a good night for the 'right'. Clearly one option for these people is a reconfiguration of the right where Reform is an equal or dominant partner. The Italian traditional right has merged into a successful political coalition with the post-fascist Brothers of Italy led by prime minister Giorgia Meloni.

Labour spokespeople seemed stunned at the results. Apparently the reluctance of their traditional support to either turn out or vote for the party is really down to the mess the Tories have left after fourteen years. Labour has to take 'tough decisions' because of the Tories so it is really not our fault.

The media has said the winter fuel allowance and disabled cuts came up on the doorstep. Other political choices could have been made: on the two child benefit cap, cutting the winter fuel allowance, savagely reducing disabled peoples/sickness payments or backtracking on green policies. Once you rule out taxing the rich, changing arbitrary fiscal rules or taking resources into common ownership, you are boxed in. Especially if you want to carry out even moderate social democratic policies.

Labour's leadership also seem to think that atrocious policies on Palestine, international aid, Waspi women, or trans rights will not have a negative effect on voters. Normally new governments benefit from a honeymoon where voters are expectant on some sort of change and are happy about the early policies. Reeves' iron fiscal rules have limited how many goodies she can throw to the electorate.

Surely too the big decline in membership due the offensive against the left has meant a hollowing out of the party which is obviously affecting the ground operation during key elections. Reform was able to match Labour in the Runcorn bye-election on this terrain and one may imagine this story was repeated in many county council battles.

## What next for Labour?

Two options are emerging. Before Runcorn was lost, the right of the party and surely within its central apparatus there was already talk about the opportunity that defeat would provide for Labour to cuddle up even closer to Reform's anti-migrant policies and to copy its so-called anti-woke agenda. Jonathon Hinder, MP for Pendle and Clitheroe stated recently:

too many working-class people see Labour as the party of immigrants, minorities, those on benefits" (Britain needed) "to drastically reduce immigration, very quickly, and that might mean sometimes prioritising democratic decisions over international legal constraints". Speaking about the European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR), which has often faced criticism from the right for judgments stopping deportations, Hinder said: "I think it's quite clear that it's not working".

Others in the leadership think there is no need to change course much since in the event of a developing, Reform or Reform/rump Tory government there will be a progressive, 'panicked', reflex towards Labour to hold off the 'neo-fascist' threat. We could christen this the Macron manoeuvre after the French president who got elected twice as the left and progressive forces rallied to him to stop Marine Le Pen becoming president. The problem is that the electoral system here does not work over two rounds, which means it generates less panic until after the final results.

As we have seen on Thursday, the undemocratic first past the post system discriminates savagely against smaller parties... until they break the two party threshold. Reform was winning a lot of seats on far less than 50% of the vote. Just as Labour won its famous landslide on 34% of the popular vote there is nothing to stop Reform repeating the feat – particularly if it reaches a deal with the Tories.

On the other hand, voices even from outside the Socialist Campaign Group, like Rachael Maskell MP from York Central, are arguing for Starmer to do a U turn on policies like the pensioners fuel allowance or the PIP payments for disabled people. There might even be some pressure from inside the cabinet to at least make minor changes that could be shown to respond to such concerns.

Diane Abbott is clearer, stating that the mantra issued by Starmer after the results of going faster and stronger on the Plan for Change need to be altered. One of the few victorious candidates, the Mayor of Doncaster, Ros Jones, tore up the party script and attacked Starmer's policies on pensioners and disabled people. She even campaigned against them and organized policy in her jurisdiction to mitigate their effects. Probably her efforts at independence helped her hang onto the mayoralty despite a fierce Reform onslaught.

### How Labour tacking toward Reform fails

For the left it is clear cosmetic changes cannot defeat Reform nor does abstract denunciation of them as racists or even more clumsily as Nazis. If people are angry and disillusioned about the political process and the cost of living, you must convince them that you will improve their lives – not cut their benefits or do nothing to improve local public services.

You have to show people where you are getting the money from to pay to improve their lives. They know there is plenty of wealth in society to meet this bill. You have to be honest and say that you can make concrete plans for a wealth tax and higher taxes on corporate profits. If Starmer's response it just to tinker and talk up growth then he will be continuing to feed the Reform monster.

During the general election Labour gave Reform a soft ride. They even pulled out a credible, dynamic candidate who was standing against Farage in Clacton. Very little material was put out targeting Reform. The great strategists like Morgan McSweeney thought Reform would hit the Tories worse and open the gate to a landslide.

It did but this was short-termism. Barely 9 months since the loveless landslide and we see the consequences already. Since the rise of Reform in the polls Labour has gone from ignoring it to mirroring their policies. Hence Yvette Cooper continually boasting about how many deportations she is carrying out and trumpeting the ethnic/migrant listing of offenders.

During the Runcorn campaign the candidate was induced by the apparatus to launch a petition to close the local asylum hotel despite her previous welcoming comments about asylum seekers. Even she felt (later on) that the language used backfired. Always spinning, when Labour lost Runcorn the official statement emphasised it was only a few votes that lost it – what about the other 15.000?

Labour are now facing an opponent unburdened by years of Tory austerity or pandemic incompetence and callousness. For now it also is an opponent that looks like change and newness to many voters.

### An electoral space to the left of Labour

In a context of Labour losing 186 councilors and the 45th safest parliamentary seat the Greens vote held up well and they continued to add new councilors. Jessica Elgot, who is not unfavourable to the Starmer government, gives lot of evidence in her article that Labour are continuing to lose more votes to its left and progressive side than to Reform. There is a progressive space to the left of Labour.

In Preston Michael Lavalette and two other independents standing on a pro-Palestinian and anti-austerity platform won seats. The local Muslim community, like most places where it is a significant minority in a ward, have not

returned to their traditional Labour home.

The oh-so-clever strategists think that Palestine is some sort of here today gone tomorrow online petition and that these voters have nowhere else to go. They fail to see the near total silence, or worse collusion, of the government on the genocide, the blocking of aid and the sending of British arms will mean no coming back.

The Preston experience also points to a lost opportunity for the political forces to the left of Labour. A continuing debate about whether to launch a new broad left party first on the local level before any national declaration meant that there was hardly any coordinated left electoral intervention in these elections. Such a development would make a difference, including on how well we can build a mass movement of opposition to Reform and its anti migrant racism.

Reform's Andrea Jenkins lost no time in nailing her vicious anti-migrant rhetoric to the mast. In her victory speech as new mayor of Lincolnshire she said there should be no more asylum hotels, rather let them live in tents like in France.

Professor John Curtice and others are right to declare the two party system is currently not functioning. In some cases we have a five party system and many seats are won with candidates not even close to a 50%+1 majority. We should not rule out a return to two parties, particularly if the Tory party dies or fuses with Reform, but for the moment political volatility is here to stay.

And this new reality creates a more favourable opportunity for a new mass left electoral alternative. Once people change their vote they may do so again for another more progressive party. However the left should still argue for a properly Proportional Representation (PR) system as Labour conference has itself agreed. In principle and practice it is more democratic and could reduce the mass (even majority with these local elections) alienation from the political system. It would give a fair hand to the Greens and any new left alternative too.

Labour will not really challenge Reform. It is the responsibility of the Left to provide both opposition on the streets, in campaigns and electorally to Farage and his party. We need to expose the lies and contradictions in Reform's policies. There will be an immediate focus in those councils it has won this Thursday. Farage is promising Doge like cuts and attacks on equal opportunity and diversity practices. Local campaigns linked to the council worker unions will be necessary.

Although it is clear that the main organizing of our response to Reform will be based on activists outside Labour we should still look to get support from any left or even soft left MPs who are prepared to speak up against Farage and the government's policies that are feeding his support. Reform's success makes discussion on anew left party that even more urgent.

Anticapitalist Resistance 5 May 2025